

**Commission on the Status of Women
Fifty-fourth session
New York, 1-12 March 2010**

INTERACTIVE EXPERT PANEL

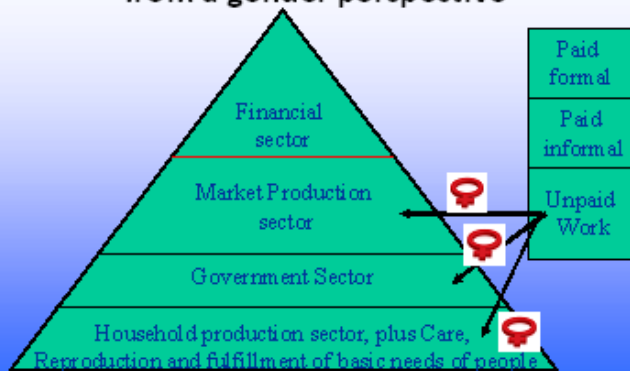
Women's economic empowerment in the context of the global economic and financial crisis

Policy responses at times of (global job) crisis:
Women's access to employment and decent work*

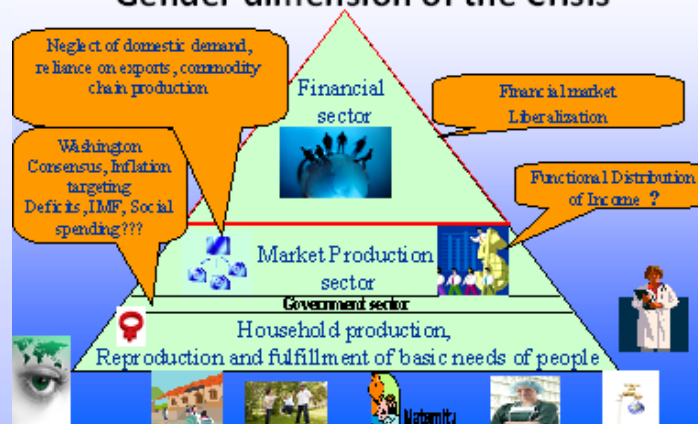
Submitted by

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Levy Economics Institute of Bard College**

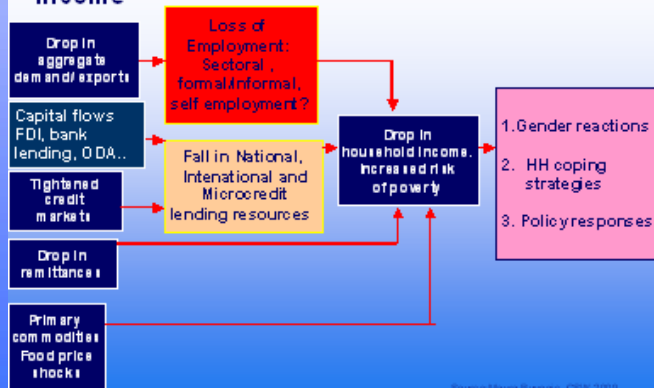
A framework to understand the crisis from a gender perspective



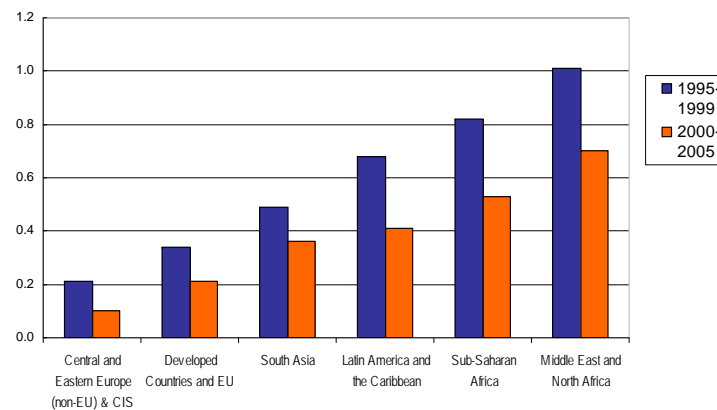
A framework to understand Gender dimension of the Crisis

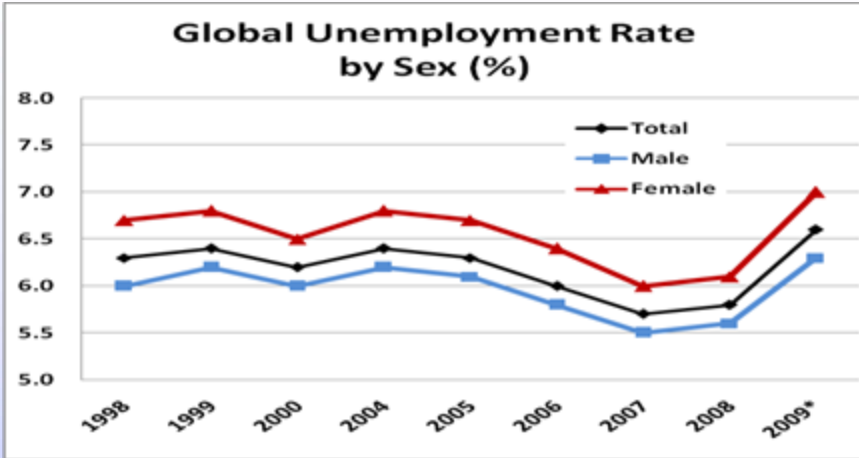


$$\text{HH Expanded Income} = \text{earned income} + \text{government transfers} + \text{unpaid work}$$



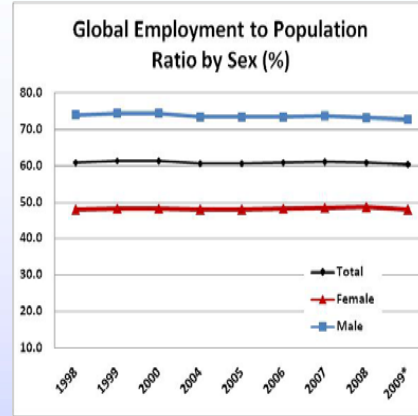
Changes in employment to output growth ratio





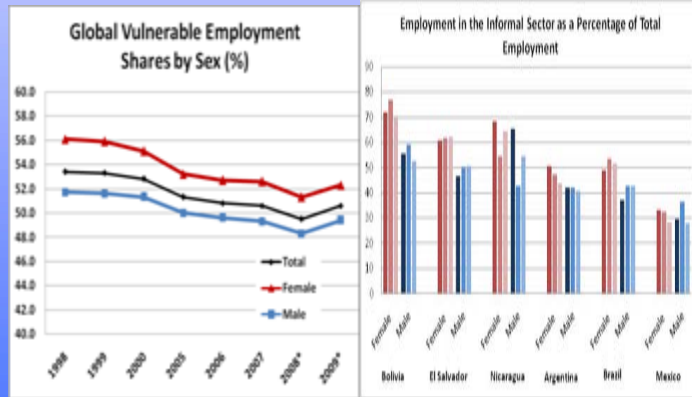
Note: Author's calculations.
* 2009 are preliminary estimates.

Source: ILO, Global Employment Trends, January 2010 and KILM indicators (KILM 8-13).



Note: Author's calculations; * 2009 are preliminary calculations

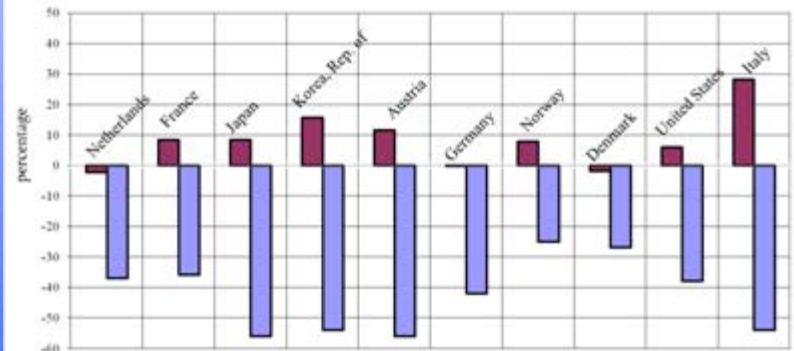
Source: ILO, Global Employment Trends, January 2010 and KILM indicators (KILM 8-13).



Note: Author's calculations; * 2008 and 2009 are preliminary estimates. 2009 estimate Corresponds to ILO's Scenario 2. See Annex 4 in Global Employment Trends (GET), Jan. 2010 for a detailed explanation on different scenarios indicators (KILM 7)

Note: Years are 2000, 2002 and 2005 for Bolivia El Salvador and Nicaragua; 1991, 1995, 2001 for Argentina; 1990, 1991 and 2001 for Brazil; 1991, 1995 and 2005 for Mexico Source: ILO,

Total Workload – Earnings Gap: Selected OECD Countries



■ Percentage Difference Between Women's Total Workload and Men's Total Workload
■ Percentage Difference Between Women's Earnings and Men's Earnings

Impact of Public Employment Guarantee Strategies on Gender Equality and Pro-poor Development: South Africa and India”

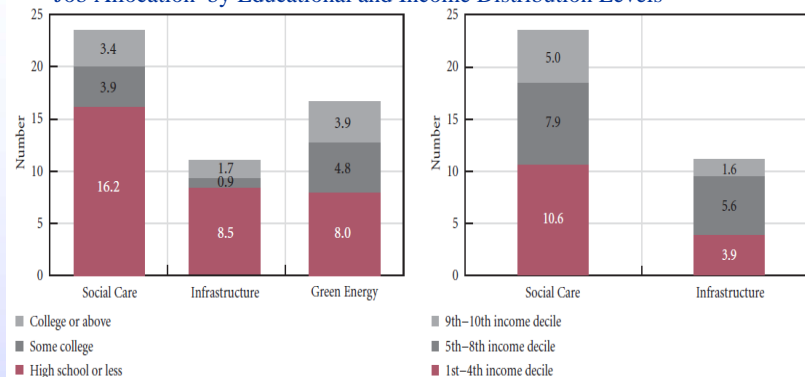
The Levy Economics Institute /UNDP

<http://www.levy.org/pubs/UNDP-Levy/EGS.html>

Why President Obama Should Care about “Care”: An Effective and Equitable Investment Strategy for Job Creation

http://www.levy.org/pubs/ppb_108.pdf

Job Allocation by Educational and Income Distribution Levels



Sources: Pollin, Wicks-Lim, and Garrett-Peltier 2009; authors' calculations

Source: Authors' calculations

Why President Obama Should Care about “Care”: An Effective and Equitable Investment Strategy for Job Creation
http://www.levy.org/pubs/ppb_108.pdf

EPWP Intervention - Direct job creation

(# of annual jobs - 240 working days)

Types of Intervention (9.29 bn)	Male		Female		Total Jobs
	Unskilled	Skilled	Unskilled	Skilled	
Social sector	228,184	9,928	317,007	16,386	571,505
Double 60 40	407,948	15,235	611,922	25,143	1,060,248
Working for Water	87,353	113,428	344,864	80,026	625,670
Water reticulation	127,374	36,488	3,036	2,294	169,192
McCord L	373,218	13,824	0	0	387,043
McCord M	70,291	26,832	0	0	97,124
Social sector	39.9%	1.7%	55.5%	2.9%	100.0%
Double 60 40	38.5%	1.4%	57.7%	2.4%	100.0%
Working for Water	14.0%	18.1%	55.1%	12.8%	100.0%
Water reticulation	75.3%	21.6%	1.8%	1.4%	100.0%
McCord L	96.4%	3.6%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
McCord M	72.4%	27.6%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%

EPWP Intervention - Indirect job creation

(# of annual jobs - 240 working days)

Types of Intervention (9.29 bn) (daily wage)	Male		Female		Total Jobs
	Unskilled	Skilled	Unskilled	Skilled	
Social sector	83	317	47	195	
Double 60 40	69,875	33,455	66,053	23,511	192,893
Working for Water	65,449	35,032	61,948	28,098	190,526
Water reticulation	61,197	33,631	61,292	25,211	181,331
McCord L	47,933	26,037	46,264	17,835	138,069
McCord M	55,578	27,189	50,148	18,257	151,172
Social sector	51,919	25,394	45,557	16,749	139,618
Double 60 40	36.2%	17.3%	34.2%	12.2%	100.0%
Working for Water	34.4%	18.4%	32.5%	14.7%	100.0%
Water reticulation	33.7%	18.5%	33.8%	13.9%	100.0%
McCord L	34.7%	18.9%	33.5%	12.9%	100.0%
McCord M	36.8%	18.0%	33.2%	12.1%	100.0%
Social sector	37.2%	18.2%	32.6%	12.0%	100.0%

GDP, Tax, and Income change by household type					
Types of				ULTRA	NON
Intervention (9.29 bn)	GDP	TAX	POOR	POOR	POOR
Social sector	1.8%	1.5%	5.6%	9.2%	1.3%
Double 60 40	2.1%	1.5%	9.3%	16.2%	1.3%
Working for Water	2.1%	1.6%	5.5%	9.0%	1.7%
Water reticulation	1.7%	1.3%	2.8%	4.3%	1.3%
McCord L	1.7%	1.5%	4.4%	7.2%	1.3%
McCord M	1.4%	1.5%	2.0%	2.8%	1.2%